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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/633,893	08/04/2003	Toshiharu Mori	15162/06090	6538		
24367	7590 09/26/2005		EXAM	EXAMINER		
SIDLEY AU	STIN BROWN & WOO	GROUP, KARL E				
717 NORTH I SUITE 3400	HARWOOD		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
DALLAS, TX 75201			1755			

DATE MAILED: 09/26/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

·	Application	on No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/633,89	3	MORI ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit				
	Karl E. Gro	<u> </u>	1755				
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the	cover sheet with the c	correspondence addre	iss			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by sta Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the m earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF TH R 1.136(a). In no eve riod will apply and wi atute, cause the appl	IIS COMMUNICATION int, however, may a reply be tin Il expire SIX (6) MONTHS from ication to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this comm D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 2!	9 August 2005	·					
	his action is n			•			
·	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice unde	•	• •					
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-31</u> is/are pending in the applicat	ion.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are without		nsideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-31</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	·	•					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction an	d/or election re	equirement.					
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Exam	niner.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the con	rection is require	ed if the drawing(s) is ob	jected to. See 37 CFR	1.121(d).			
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. No	te the attached Office	Action or form PTO-	·152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore	ign priority und	ler 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	)-(d) or (f).				
a)□ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:							
<ol> <li>Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> </ol>							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
application from the International Bur	-						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a	list of the certif	ried copies not receive	ed.				
Attachment(s)		<b>∆</b> □	(DTO 446)				
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da					
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/		5) Notice of Informal P		i2)			
Paper No(s)/Mail Date  U.S. Patent and Trademark Office	···	6) Other:					
	a Action Summar	y Pa	art of Paper No./Mail Date	20050921			

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## Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 8-29-05 has been entered.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35
 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this
 Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 3. Claims 1,3 5-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a or e) as being anticipated by Peuchert et al (2005/0101469).

Peuchert et al, see example A5 that falls squarely within the ranges of the claims. The terminology "substrate" in the instant claims does not distinguish from the substrate of Peuchert et al.

4. Claims 1,3,5-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a or e) as being anticipated by Ritter et al (2003/0087746).

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Ritter et al, see examples 1, 6, 7-9, that fall squarely within the instant claims. The terminology "substrate" in the instant claims does not distinguish from the substrate of Rittler et al.

## **Double Patenting**

5. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

6. Claims 1-31 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-20 of copending Application No. 10/460980. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the scope of the copending claims overlap.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

The copending claims and the rejected claims differ in that they do not teach the exact same proportions as recited in the instant claims.

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However, one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would have considered the invention to have been obvious because the compositional proportions taught by the copending claims overlap the instantly claimed proportions and therefore are considered to establish a prima facie case of obviousness. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to select any portion of the disclosed ranges including the instantly claimed ranges from the ranges disclosed in the prior art reference, particularly in view of the fact that;

"The normal desire of scientists or artisans to improve upon what is already generally known provides the motivation to determine where in a disclosed set of percentage ranges is the optimum combination of percentages", In re Peterson 65 USPQ2d 1379 (CAFC 2003).

<u>Also, In re Geisler</u> 43 USPQ2d 1365 (Fed. Cir. 1997); <u>In re Woodruff</u>, 16 USPQ2d 1934 (CCPA 1976); <u>In re Malagari</u>, 182 USPQ 549, 553 (CCPA 1974) and MPEP 2144.05.

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Karl E. Group whose telephone number is 571-272-1368. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (6:30-4:00) First Friday Off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jerry Lorengo can be reached on 571-272-1233. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Primary Examiner
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Keg 9-21-05